

CHAPTER 1

Introduction

JANUARY 2019

DELAWARE VALLEY

REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

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Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission Fiscal Year 2020 Unified Planning Work Program

Introduction

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2020 Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) for the Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission (DVRPC) incorporates the planning programs and support activities of DVRPC and its member governments for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. A Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) is developed annually by the DVRPC Board with its planning partners to reflect the region's short-range planning needs.

Federal laws and regulations require the formation of a metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for each urbanized area with a population of more than 50,000. The MPO designated for each urbanized area is obliged to carry out a continuing, cooperative and comprehensive, performance-based multi-modal transportation planning process. The Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission (DVRPC) is the federally-designated MPO for the nine-county metropolitan region that includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, and



Montgomery counties and the City of Philadelphia in Pennsylvania, and Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Mercer counties in New Jersey.

The federal laws and regulations that require the formation of MPOs also provide for the formula allocation of federal funds to support the required planning activities of the MPOs. These federal regulations require an MPO to document the metropolitan transportation planning activities performed with funds provided under title 23 U.S.C. in a unified planning work program (UPWP). Each MPO, in cooperation with the State(s) and public transportation operator(s), shall develop a UPWP that includes a discussion of the planning priorities facing the MPO.

In addition to its formula funds, DVRPC is fortunate to receive other federal, state, local, foundation, and private funds to conduct a robust and comprehensive slate of regional planning activities. It is this full complement of financial resources that provides the support for the priority planning activities proposed by our member governments and stakeholders and spelled out in this FY 2020 Unified Planning Work Program.

Planning Priorities Facing the Region

The metropolitan planning regulations promulgated through the FAST (Fixing America's Surface Transportation) Act stipulate that each MPO shall develop a UPWP that includes a discussion of the

planning priorities facing the metropolitan area. The planning priorities facing the DVRPC region are easily identified by looking at the annual requests for new planning projects as submitted by the DVRPC Board and other stakeholders during the UPWP development process. Many of the requests for planning studies to be included in the FY 2020 Work Program focused on the following topics: improving access to transit, Transportation Systems Management and Operations, bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure improvements, transportation/land use connections, freight planning, and the collection of transportation data to enable data-driven analyses. These planning priorities track closely with the FAST Act Planning Factors as well as the State DOT's emphasis areas.

Unified Planning Work Program Development Process

DVRPC staff initiates the development process in the August/September time period as initial individual coordination meetings are scheduled with the member governments, state DOT's and transit operators. These coordination meetings are a helpful way for the partners to begin thinking about their potential project ideas and how those ideas relate to current projects or other emerging planning issues. Partners are encouraged to consider ideas of a regional nature in addition to ideas for planning studies that address localized issues. Throughout September and mid-October, staff works with our partners to refine and submit brief write-ups of their project ideas considering emerging local and regional priorities as well as continuation of ongoing priority projects. At a Board Work Program Committee meeting in October, project ideas are presented by the partners and priority projects are short-listed for initial selection. During November, staff works with the partners to refine the scopes of the selected projects as they consider potential sources and amounts of funding. In early December, the Draft UPWP document is presented at the Board Meeting. The Board is requested to approve the release of the document for public comment. The public comment period remains open for 30 days; during which time, DVRPC staff prepares a response to all comments submitted by our partners, advocacy organizations, or the general public. Staff presents the comments, responses and final document to the Board for adoption at the January Board meeting. Following Board adoption, staff incorporates responses to comments, editorial corrections, and final funding tables into a final document that is submitted to our funding agencies in March. Work on the adopted UPWP begins on July first.

Unified Planning Work Program Organization

The FY 2020 Unified Planning Work Program is divided into five chapters. Chapter One serves as an introduction to DVRPC's operations and relationships to other transportation and planning organizations in the Delaware Valley region. Chapter Two provides details of the Program Areas and Projects which DVRPC will be undertaking during FY 2020. Chapters Three and Four contain the Supportive Regional Highway Planning Program (SRHPP) and the Transit Support Program (TSP), respectively. These programs provide funding from DVRPC for our member governments and transit operating agencies to support their participation in the regional planning process. Chapter

Five includes other projects funded through the UPWP to be carried out by member governments. Projects initially funded in prior years that will be carried over into FY 2020 are included in Chapter Six of this document. Appendix A contains a list of acronyms commonly used in DVRPC's regional planning process.

Within the framework of available financial and human resources, this work program effectively addresses the key regional transportation and land use issues facing the Delaware Valley. The program, however, is dynamic in nature and may be modified to respond to any emerging priority issue or special need vital to the orderly growth and development of the Delaware Valley. Throughout the fiscal year, new projects and funding may be added to this Unified Planning Work Program through an amendment process which would require an approval by the DVRPC Board.

Planning Emphasis Areas

The products produced through this UPWP include technical analyses, policy recommendations, and planning services for member state and local governments. The Program Areas and Projects outlined in this document are directed by priority Planning Emphasis Areas as identified by our federal and state partners. Planning activities identified in this document strive to incorporate the requirements of the most recent federal surface transportation legislation, FAST Act, where applicable.

Examples of these Planning Emphasis Areas as identified by our state and federal partners include the following:

- Continue to collaborate with state DOTs and federal partners to implement provisions of the FAST Act including Performance Measure Targets and freight provisions.
- Continue to support greater coordination with other MPOs, state DOTs, transit agencies,
 TMAs and counties in mobility and land use planning. This can include Regional Models of
 Cooperation like the Central Jersey Transportation Forum, grant or technical assistance
 programs to encourage vibrant, sustainable communities, and developing and maintaining
 data bases in support of smart growth, and other related activities.
- Implement actions that support Ladders of Opportunity through fairness and improved coordination of services, access and mobility for low income, minority, persons with disabilities and seniors.
- Pursue congestion relief strategies such as Transportation Demand Management (TDM) strategies and low-cost operational improvements at intersections and bottlenecks.
- Implement actions to assist the DOTs with data collection such as Model Inventory of Roadway Elements (MIRE) on county and local roads and data on local-owned road and bridge assets.
- Collect and submit traffic counts to state DOTs.



- Where possible, support the collection of bicycle and pedestrian volume data on county roadways
- Verify and update roadway inventory and performance measures on Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) sample sections.
- Coordinate with state DOTs in the development and integration of standards and measures necessary to meet a performance based approach to Asset Management and to implement the Capital Investment Strategy.
- Participate in data-driven safety planning activities.
- Improve primary freight corridors and hubs for more efficient access and improved system performance.
- Enhance the visibility and effectiveness of freight planning and support the improvement of intermodal freight connectors.
- Maximize opportunities for Complete Streets implementation.
- Refine local project prioritization processes to include scoring factors that are based on
 potential health outcomes, safety improvements, connectivity for all modes, proximity to
 schools and transit stops, and other factors.
- Improve traffic operations through Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) upgrades and enhanced coordination at the interstate, state, county and local level.
- Work with state DOTs and other partners on risk management strategies for improving the resilience of transportation infrastructure against the impacts of extreme weather.
- In partnership with NJDOT's Complete Team, institutionalize an improved process for initiating mobility improvements with an updated, coordinated and streamlined approach to developing and vetting problem statements.
- Implement actions to foster improved local public agency project delivery and compliance with federal regulations.
- Continue to engage with the public to strengthen public confidence and participation in the planning process through the use of web tools/technology, social media, outreach, education and public forums/meetings.
- Update and maintain the region's Long-Range Plan, TIP, Congestion Management Process, and Travel Demand Model.
- Partner with PennDOT to market and manage PennDOT's Local Technical Assistance Program (LTAP) in District 6.
- Work to incorporate automated/connected/electric/shared use vehicles into the planning process, recognizing the challenges, opportunities, and uncertainty associated with these technologies.

- Implement actions that uphold fairness and improved coordination of services, access, and mobility for low income and minority populations, persons with disabilities, and senior citizens.
- Work with willing county and municipal partners for integration of transportation and land use to promote community livability and maximize the efficiency of the transportation system.

Federal Legislation Requirements

As the federally designated metropolitan planning organization for the region, DVRPC must respond to the planning requirements of two federal laws: the FAST Act and the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAAA). The FAST Act, adopted in December 2015, continues many of the regional transportation planning programs advanced in MAP-21.

The FAST Act authorized \$305 billion in federal highway, transit, safety and rail programs for five years. Under this legislation, the MPO is a partner in the planning for the use of all federal transportation funds allocated within their region. The FAST Act also requires the MPO to produce and oversee a Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), the region's short-range capital investment plan, which must be consistent with and serve to implement the region's Long-Range Plan. The TIP prioritizes the Delaware Valley's transportation-related projects within the constraints of federal funding that our Pennsylvania and New Jersey counties can reasonably expect to receive within four years.

The Metropolitan Planning Regulations promulgated from the FAST Act identify ten planning factors that must be considered in the metropolitan planning process. The ten planning factors listed below are integrated within the tasks of the Program Areas and Projects detailed in Chapter Two of this Unified Planning Work Program.

- Support the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
- Increase the **safety** of the transportation system for motorized and non- motorized users.
- Increase the security of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users.
- Increase accessibility and mobility of people and freight.
- Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve the quality
 of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local
 planned growth and economic development patterns.
- Enhance the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
- Promote efficient system management and operation.



- Emphasize the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.
- Improve the **resiliency and reliability** of the transportation system and reduce or mitigate stormwater impacts of surface transportation.
- Enhance travel and tourism.

The Metropolitan Planning Regulations also require that MPO's with a population over 200,000 must undergo a certification review conducted jointly by the Federal Highway Administration and the Federal Transit Administration at least every four years to determine if their metropolitan transportation planning process meets the federal planning requirements. Federal certification of the planning process is a prerequisite to the approval of federal funding for transportation projects in their area. DVRPC underwent the site-visit portion of the review in October 2018 and received the Final Certification Review Report in February 2019. With the preparation and distribution of the Final Report, the FHWA and FTA certified DVRPC's metropolitan transportation planning process including DVRPC's successful actions to address one corrective action.

The requirements of the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) establish a program and set a timetable for improving the nation's air quality. The Philadelphia area has been classified as a non-attainment area for ground-level ozone and portions of the region are in non-attainment and/or maintenance of the fine particulate matter standards. The region must attain or continue to maintain the mandated air quality standards for these factors. Although the responsibility for attaining the standards falls directly on the states, DVRPC is responsible for a key role in developing many of the programs relating to air quality attainment or maintenance. The projects in the region's TIP and the Long-Range Plan must conform to the states' air quality implementation plans. These projects must not lead to any further violation of the federal clean air standards or impede the region's progress toward meeting those standards.

Coordination with Member Governments and Other Planning Partners

The priority planning activities listed in DVRPC's annual Unified Planning Work Program are also defined in part by the planning needs of the city and county member governments. The member governments' financial contribution to a Comprehensive Planning fund enables DVRPC to provide a local match to other federal, state, or private funds to undertake projects of regional significance that require a local contribution. Comprehensive Planning funds also support initiatives such as open space and environmental planning projects, economic development planning, and local or regional land use planning.

Many programs, while broad in scope, affect transportation conditions in the region. For example, DVRPC's Transportation and Community Development Initiative (TCDI) Program is an important effort whereby DVRPC provides planning grants, based on the competitive review of proposals, to counties and municipalities, to support projects that link revitalization, economic development and transportation needs.

DVRPC also responds to the needs of other partners, including state and federal agencies, operating authorities, as well as nonprofit foundations and organizations. Consequently, DVRPC annually undertakes a number of special projects funded under a variety of programs to address pressing regional issues. DVRPC continues to implement programs like Classic Towns of Greater Philadelphia, which is aimed at growing, revitalizing, and supporting the region's older suburbs and urban neighborhoods; coordination with the region's environmental protection and open space organizations and reporting on the region's locally funded open space programs; and promoting linkages between active transportation and healthy communities. DVRPC continues its involvement in the PennDOT Connects Program and continues energy, climate change and resiliency initiatives in both states that include coordination and facilitation, analyses, management, tool development and technical assistance to local governments.

Complementary and supportive initiatives also continue, including the development of the region's Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy, planning for transit system improvements, advancing transportation operations and safety projects, using DVRPC's Travel Demand Model to forecast travel movements on the region's transportation network, and responding to many other needs of DVRPC's member governments and agencies.

Supportive Regional Highway Planning Program (SRHPP) and Transit Support Program (TSP)

DVRPC passes federal Metropolitan Planning (PL) funds to member governments and operating agencies to support their participation in the regional highway planning process (via SHRPP) and transit planning process (via TSP). These funds can be used by member governments to develop and maintain their planning priorities, programs and data. In addition to their core planning functions, both programs offer a limited amount of funding for special planning studies to address current areas of need for recipients.

SHRPP eligible activities include tasks related to regional planning coordination and meetings in programs such as TIP, Long-Range Plan, Congestion Management Process, Transportation Operations Master Plan, and Regional Transportation Safety Action Plan. Detailed scopes of work for each recipient in the SRHPP are found in Chapter Three of this document. Scopes of SHRPP work may vary, but they must adhere to the comprehensive planning, programming, monitoring, and coordination of highway and trail networks within a jurisdiction.

TSP eligible activities include tasks related to promoting transit planning and coordination in programs such as TIP, Long-Range Plan, and Congestion Management Process. The detailed scopes for each organization that receives TSP funds are found in Chapter 4 of this document. Scopes among member governments and operating agencies vary for TSP, but they must adhere to the comprehensive planning, programming, monitoring, and coordination of transit services for TSP within a jurisdiction.

FY 2020 Unified Planning Work Program Budget and Funding

The total budget for the FY 2020 Unified Planning Work Program is \$28,520,253, a decrease of \$676,447 from the FY 2019 Unified Planning Work Program. A significant portion of this decrease is attributed to the absence of \$2,250,000 of Transportation and Community Development Initiative (TCDI) Program funds which are awarded on a two-year cycle that started in FY 2019. This difference is offset by slight increases in core formula funds applied to the budgets of the Program Areas, a \$1 million increase in Pass-through funding for regional trail projects, as well as the addition of a new project, Aerial Imagery, with a budget of \$750,000 (mainly for consultant services). This project provides for an update of our aerial photographs which has traditionally been conducted on a five-year cycle since 1959.

Table 1, Funding Summary, shows DVRPC's overall revenue by source to be applied to personnel and operating costs associated with UPWP activities and to the pass-through projects associated with member governments and transit operating agencies.

Table 2, *Project Funding by Source*, shows the budget and funding sources for each individual Program Area and Project.

DVRPC receives funding from many sources to support the planning activities and programs of the commission. The funds that DVRPC receives come from varied sources including federal agencies, state agencies, member governments, foundations and private sector organizations. Below is a sample of federal and non-federal sources:

Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Metropolitan Planning Funds
Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Metropolitan Planning Funds
Federal Aviation Administration Funding
PA/NJ Transportation Improvement Program Funds
Member Government Contributions
PA Supplemental Funding
PennDOT Connects (State Planning and Research) Funding
PA State Funds
PA Department of Environmental Protection Funding
RideECO Generated Funds
William Penn Foundation Grants



Campbell Soup Foundation Grants

Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission Fiscal Year 2020 | Planning Work Program

Table 1: Funding Summary

| FUNDING SOURCE | GENERAL | HIGHWAY | TRANSIT | COMP | OTHER | TOTAL | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|---|-----------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | FUND | PROGRAM | PROGRAM | PLANNING | PROGRAMS | | | | | |
| MISCELLANEOUS | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,344,756 | \$3,344,756 | | | | |
| FAA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90,000 | 90,000 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| PA FTA | 0 | 0 | 1,160,000 | 0 | 515,000 | 1,675,000 | | | | |
| PA FHWA | 0 | 3,982,000 | 0 | 0 | 4,068,500 | 8,050,500 | | | | |
| PA STATE | 0 | 670,000 | 0 | 0 | 286,025 | 956,025 | | | | |
| PA OTHER | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,276,000 | 1,276,000 | | | | |
| LOCAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | | | | |
| | _ | _ | | _ | | | | | | |
| NJ FTA | 0 | 0 | 483,994 | 0 | - | 483,994 | | | | |
| NJ FHWA | 0 | 2,482,000 | 0 | 0 | 1,288,975 | 3,770,975 | | | | |
| NJ STATE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | | | | |
| LOCAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22,500 | 22,500 | | | | |
| PA LOCALS | \$152,448 | \$325,500 | \$290,000 | \$355,120 | \$2,220 | \$1,125,288 | | | | |
| Bucks County | 23,782 | 32,274 | 34,504 | 55,399 | 444 | 146,403 | | | | |
| Chester County | 18,964 | 61,319 | 46,006 | 44,177 | 444 | 170,910 | | | | |
| Delaware County | 19,971 | 51,638 | 34,504 | 46,521 | 444 | 153,078 | | | | |
| Montgomery County | 30,413 | 48,410 | 46,006 | 70,846 | 444 | 196,119 | | | | |
| City of Philadelphia | 58,022 | 129,092 | 126,516 | 135,158 | 444 | 449,232 | | | | |
| City of Chester | 1,296 | 2,767 | 2,464 | 3,019 | - | 9,546 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| NJ LOCALS | \$61,484 | \$0 | \$0 | \$177,455 | \$1,776 | \$240,715 | | | | |
| Burlington County | 17,068 | 0 | 0 | 49,262 | 444 | 66,774 | | | | |
| Camden County | 16,583 | 0 | 0 | 47,860 | 444 | 64,887 | | | | |
| Gloucester County | 10,963 | 0 | 0 | 31,640 | 444 | 43,047 | | | | |
| Mercer County | 10,704 | 0 | 0 | 30,895 | 444 | 42,043 | | | | |
| City of Camden | 2,939 | 0 | 0 | 8,482 | - | 11,421 | | | | |
| City of Trenton | 3,227 | 0 | 0 | 9,316 | - | 12,543 | | | | |
| SUBTOTAL DVRPC | \$213,932 | \$7,459,500 | \$1,933,994 | \$532,575 | \$10,895,752 | \$21,035,753 | | | | |
| 7. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | NTS AND TOAK | ISIT ODEDATIN | IC ACENCIES | | | | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME | | | | enl | 102 | 900,000 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA | \$0 | \$0 | G AGENCIES \$900,000 | \$0 | \$0 \$150,000 | 900,000 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME | | | | \$0 0 | \$0 \$150,000 | 900,000 778,000 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA PA FHWA | \$0 | \$0 | \$900,000 0 | | \$150,000 | 778,000 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA | \$0 | \$0 | | 0 | | , | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA PA FHWA NJ FTA NJ FHWA | \$0 0 0 | \$0 628,000 0 0 | \$900,000 0 386,600 0 | 0 0 | \$150,000 \$0 \$1,441,250 | 778,000 386,600 1,441,250 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA PA FHWA NJ FTA NJ FHWA PA LOCALS | \$0 0 0 0 | \$0 628,000 0 | \$900,000 0 386,600 0 225,000 | 0 0 | \$150,000 \$0 \$1,441,250 \$0 | 778,000 386,600 1,441,250 382,000 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA PA FHWA NJ FTA NJ FHWA | \$0 0 0 | \$0 628,000 0 0 | \$900,000 0 386,600 0 | 0 0 | \$150,000 \$0 \$1,441,250 | 778,000 386,600 1,441,250 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA PA FHWA NJ FTA NJ FHWA PA LOCALS | \$0 0 0 0 | \$0 628,000 0 0 157,000 | \$900,000 0 386,600 0 225,000 | 0 0 | \$150,000 \$0 \$1,441,250 \$0 | 778,000 386,600 1,441,250 382,000 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA PA FHWA NJ FTA NJ FHWA PA LOCALS NJ LOCALS | \$0 0 0 0 | \$0 628,000 0 0 157,000 | \$900,000 0 386,600 0 225,000 96,650 | 0 0 0 | \$150,000 \$0 \$1,441,250 \$0 \$0 | 778,000 386,600 1,441,250 382,000 96,650 | | | | |
| MEMBER GOVERNME PA FTA PA FHWA NJ FTA NJ FHWA PA LOCALS NJ LOCALS OTHER | \$0 0 0 0 | \$0 628,000 0 0 157,000 0 | \$900,000 0 386,600 0 225,000 96,650 | 0 0 0 0 | \$150,000 \$0 \$1,441,250 \$0 \$0 \$3,500,000 | 778,000 386,600 1,441,250 382,000 96,650 3,500,000 | | | | |

Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission | Fiscal Year 2020 | Planning Work Program

Table 2: Project Funding by Source

| Page | PROJECT NUMBER | PROGRAMS/PROJECTS | | FY 2020 BUDGET | | SHWAY ANNING | TRANSI PLANNIN | | COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING | OTHER |
|------------|-----------------------|--|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|-------------------|----------|------------------------|--------------------|
| | Chapter Two-Section A | DVRPC PROGRAM AREAS | | | | | | | | |
| | | Part of France | • | 222 522 | • | 400.007 | | | | 40.000 |
| 39 | | Regional Forum | \$ | 262,500 | \$ | 196,287 | | 713 | | \$ 10,000 |
| 41 | | Work Program and Contracts Administration | | 347,500 | | 263,025 | | 975 | 2,500 | 10,000 |
| 43 | | Public Participation, Information and Visualization Techniques | | 342,500 | | 259,099 | | 901 | 2,500 | 10,000 |
| 47 | | Title VI and Environmental Justice | | 222,500 | | 164,881 | | 119 | 2,500 | 10,000 |
| 51 | | Geographic Information Systems | | 380,000 | | 298,357 | 81 | 643 | - | 040 500 |
| 55 | | RideECO Marketing | | 312,500 | | 407.007 | 447 | - | - | 312,500 |
| 57 | | Smart Growth | | 690,000 | | 427,907 | 117 | | 45,000 | 100,000 |
| 61 | | Community & Economic Development | | 577,500 | | 251,248 | | 752 | 22,500 | 235,000 |
| 65 71 | | Energy and Climate Change Initiatives | | 370,000 | | 163,571 | 44 | 760 | 61,669 | 100,000 |
| 77 | | Environmental Planning | | 330,000 | | 250,000 | 440 | 706 | 80,000 | 400.000 |
| 81 | | Long-Range Planning | | 690,000 | | 412,204 | 112 | | 65,000 | 100,000 |
| 85 | | Delaware Valley Freight Planning | | 451,250 | | 337,614 | | 386 | 16,250 | 5,000 5,000 |
| 89 | | Transportation Safety | | 426,250 | | 329,763 240,000 | 90 | 237 | 1,250 | |
| 93 | | Regional Congestion Management Process Air Quality Planning | | 246,250 286,250 | | 219,842 | 60 | - 158 | 1,250 1,250 | 5,000 5.000 |
| 93 | | Technical Assistance to Member Governments | | 311,044 | | 219,842 | | 311 | 10,881 | 10,000 |
| 101 | | | | | | | | | | 5,000 |
| 101 | | Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Transportation Operations | | 646,250 | | 502,496 164,881 | 137 | 119 | 1,250 1,250 | 5,000 |
| 109 | | | | 216,250 350,000 | | , | | | 25,000 | , |
| 113 | | Performance Based Planning and Asset Management | | 1,030,000 | | 176,659 70,000 | 40 | 341 | 25,000 | 100,000 960,000 |
| 115 | | Competitive Program and Project Management Travel and Land Use Modeling | | 496,250 | | 384,723 | 105 | 277 | 1,250 | 5,000 |
| 119 | | Regional Transit Planning Program | | 306,250 | | 304,723 | 280 | | 21,250 | 5,000 |
| 123 | | Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning Program | | 336,250 | | 259,099 | | 901 | 1,250 | 5,000 |
| 127 | | Corridor Planning Program | | 746,250 | | 565,308 | 154 | | 21,250 | 5,000 |
| 131 | | Data Coordination and Analysis | | 406,250 | | 314,060 | | 940 | 1,250 | 5,000 |
| 135 | | Travel Monitoring | | 800,000 | | 655,000 | - 00 | - | - | 145,000 |
| 100 | 1 20 00 0.0 | Travol Monitoring | | 000,000 | | 000,000 | | | | 140,000 |
| | 1 | Subtotal | \$ | 11,579,794 | \$ | 7,133,876 | \$ 1,899 | 618 | \$ 388,800 | \$ 2,157,500 |
| | 1 | | | , , | | , , | , | | , | _,, |
| | Chapter Two-Section B | DVRPC PROJECTS | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 15-44-300 | William Penn-Planning, Design and Construction of Priority Trails** | \$ | 100,000 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 100,000 |
| | 17-51-160 | I-95 Northeast Philadelphia and Bucks County** | | 90,000 | | - | | - | - | 90,000 |
| | 18-33-140 | William Penn - DRWI Data/GIS/Modeling Work Group** | | 90,000 | | - | | - | 13,775 | 76,225 |
| | 18-33-200 | William Penn - Completing The Circuit ** | | 100,000 | | | | | | 100,000 |
| | 18-52-090 | Regional Sidewalk Inventory- Phase I** | | 50,000 | | | | | | 50,000 |
| | 19-34-080 | Regional Aviation System Planning** | | 85,000 | | | | | | 85,000 |
| | 19-34-130 | Reg. Aviation Plan - 2045** | | 200,000 | | | | | | 200,000 |
| | 19-51-060 | Freight Model Enhancement** | | 200,000 | | | | | | 200,000 |
| | 19-52-040 | Local Modeling of Proposed New PA Turnpike Interchange (Phased)** | | 50,000 | | | | | | 50,000 |
| | 19-52-120 | Regional Sidewalk Inventory- Phase II ** | | 20,000 | | | | | | 20,000 |
| 444 | 20-10-010 | General Fund | | 213,932 | | - | | - | - | 213,932 |
| 141 | | Miscellaneous Data Requests | | 10,000 | | - | | - | | 10,000 |
| 143 | | Regional Transportation GIS Coordination | | 400,000 | | - | | - | - | 400,000 |
| 145 147 | | Local Asset Data Collection - Southeastern Pennsylvania | | 100,000 | | - | | - | - | 100,000 |
| 147 | | Aerial Imagery | | 750,000 380,000 | | | | _ | | 750,000 380,000 |
| 153 | | Commuter Benefit Program: RideECO Commuter Services/Mobility Alternatives Program (Share-a-Ride) | | 251,000 | | - | | - | - | 251,000 |
| 153 | | Local Technical Assistance Program (LTAP) | | 30,000 | | - | | - | - | 30,000 |
| 157 | | Pottstown Area Regional Plan Development | | 60.000 | | 47,109 | 12 | - 891 | - | 30,000 |
| 161 | | Pennsylvania Coastal Zone Management Implementation Program | | 50,000 | | 47,109 | 12 | 091 | • | 50,000 |
| 163 | | Healthy Communities Planning | | 100,000 | | 78,515 | 21 | 485 | | 30,000 |
| 167 | | PA/NJ Local Planning Initiatives | | 200,000 | | 70,515 | 21 | -100 | 30,000 | 170,000 |
| 169 | | Devon Station Multi Modal Access | | 180,000 | | - | | _ | 30,000 | 180,000 |
| 171 | | Campbells Soup - Camden City Food Economy | | 50,000 | | | | _ | | 50,000 |
| 173 | | Tax-Sharing for Local and Regional Projects or Programs in SE PA | | 120,000 | | | | | 24,000 | 96,000 |
| .,,0 | | The state of the s | | 0,000 | | | | | 2.,000 | 23,000 |

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Table 2 Continued

| Page | PROJECT NUMBER | PROGRAMS/PROJECTS | | FY 2020 BUDGET | IIGHWAY LANNING | RANSIT ANNING | EHENSIVE NNING | OTHER |
|------------|--------------------------|---|----|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | Chapter Two-Section B | DVRPC PROJECTS |] | | | | | |
| 177 | 20-33-140 | Residential Parking | | 130,000 | | | 26,000 | 104,000 |
| 179 | 20-33-150 | Climate Adaptation Planning & Community Resilency | | 50,000 | | | | 50,000 |
| 181 | 20-34-080 | Regional Aviation System Planning | | 100,000 | - | - | - | 100,000 |
| 183 | 20-34-090 | Central Jersey Transportation Forum | | 125,000 | - | - | - | 125,000 |
| 185 187 | 20-34-100 20-34-110 | PA Ozone Action Supplemental Services NJ Ozone Action Supplemental Services | | 125,000 50,000 | | - | - | 125,000 50,000 |
| 189 | 20-41-060 | Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO) | | 933,500 | - | | - | 933,500 |
| 195 | 20-41-070 | I-95 Planning Assistance | | 100,000 | | | | 100,000 |
| 197 | 20-51-020 | Enhance and Maintain Travel Forecasting Tools | | 640,000 | - | - | - | 640,000 |
| 201 | 20-51-030 | Fast Turn Around Traffic Analysis | | 50,000 | - | - | - | 50,000 |
| 203 | 20-51-040 | District 6 Modeling Assistance | | 460,000 | - | - | - | 460,000 |
| 205 | 20-52-050 | Route 422 Operations and Capacity Study | | 150,000 | | | | 150,000 |
| 209 | 20-52-060 | PennDOT Connects- Philadelphia Bike Friendly Resurfacing Screening Round II | | 120,000 | | | | 120,000 |
| 211 215 | 20-52-070 20-52-080 | Interstate 95/276/295 Interchange Impacts Study Downingtown Area Transportation Study | | 150,000 120,000 | | | | 150,000 120,000 |
| 219 | 20-52-090 | Bus Transportation Center- Philadelphia Mills | | 150,000 | | | 30,000 | 120,000 |
| 223 | 20-52-100 | Trolley Modernization- Routes 11 and 13 | | 100,000 | | | 20,000 | 80,000 |
| 225 | 20-53-020/025 | HPMS and Functional Classification System (PA & NJ) | | 200,000 | 200,000 | - | - | - |
| 227 | 20-53-030 | PennDOT District 6-0 Traffic Volume Data | | 300,000 | - | - | - | 300,000 |
| 229 | 20-59-700 | Member Government Special Studies | | 746,200 | - | - | | 746,200 |
| 231 | 20-59-701 | Carryover and Other Projects | | 776,327 | - | - | - | 776,327 |
| | | Subtotal | | 9,455,959 | 325,624 | 34,376 | 143,775 | 8,952,184 |
| | | SUBTOTAL DVRPC PROGRAM | \$ | 21,035,753 | \$ 7,459,500 | \$ 1,933,994 | \$ 532,575 | \$ 11,109,684 |
| | | ** Carryover Projects | | | | | | |
| | | | _ | | | | | |
| | | MEMBER GOVERNMENT / TRANSIT OPERATING AGENCIES / OTHER PASS-THROUGH | _ | | | | | |
| | Chapter Three A & B | Supportive Regional Highway Planning Program | | | | | | |
| 239-254 | A-20-60-010 to 20-60-051 | PA Supportive Regional Highway Planning Program | _ | | | | | |
| 261-284 | B-20-61-010 to 20-61-100 | NJ Supportive Regional Highway Planning Program | _ | | | | | |
| | | PA/NJ Supportive Regional Highway Planning Program | \$ | 1,296,250 | \$ 785,000 | \$ | \$ - | \$ 511,250 |
| | Chapter Four A & B | Transit Support Program | | | | | | |
| 291-310 | | PA Transit Support Program | | | | | | |
| 317-335 | B-20-63-020 to 20-63-028 | NJ Transit Support Program | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | PA/NJ Transit Support Program | \$ | 1,608,250 | \$ - | \$ 1,608,250 | \$ - | \$ |
| \vdash | Chapter Five | Other Member Government Projects | | | | | | |
| | 15-44-320 | William Penn Planning, Design & Construction of Priority Trails Re-Grant Program** | | 500,000 | - | - | - | 500,000 |
| | 18-33-200 | William Penn - Completing The Circuit ** | | 3,000,000 | - | - | - | 3,000,000 |
| 341 | 20-53-300 | PA/NJ Regional GIS Implementation Coordination | | 300,000 | - | - | - | 300,000 |
| 343 | 20-62-000 | New Jersey Local Concept Development | | 430,000 | - | - | - | 430,000 |
| 345 | 20-64-000 | New Jersey Signal Retiming Initiative | | 350,000 | | | | 350,000 |
| | | SUBTOTAL MEMBER GOVERNMENTS AND OPERATING AGENCIES | \$ | 7,484,500 | \$ 785,000 | \$ 1,608,250 | \$ - | \$ 5,091,250 |
| | | GRAND TOTAL | \$ | 28,520,253 | \$ 8,244,500 | \$ 3,542,244 | \$ 532,575 | \$ 16,200,934 |

Agency Roles and Responsibilities

DVRPC, as the federally-designated MPO, has a requirement to carry out a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive, performance-based, multimodal transportation planning process. The member agencies that comprise the DVRPC Board and Regional Technical Committee also play key roles in this process, as discussed below.

State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) – DVRPC works cooperatively with the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Departments of Transportation (PennDOT and NJDOT) in carrying out all of its transportation planning and programming activities. PennDOT and NJDOT representatives serve on all transportation related committees, as well as the DVRPC Board. Although outside our MPO boundary, staff from the Delaware and Maryland Departments of Transportation serve on DVRPC committees responsible for planning activities around freight, aviation, and transportation-related air quality issues.

The state DOTs are responsible for a number of activities that affect the metropolitan planning process. They are charged with development of statewide long-range plans, which include coordination with the long-range transportation plan developed by DVRPC. Each state DOT also develops a Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP), which must embody the appropriate sections of DVRPC's regional TIP. Accordingly, both state DOTs participate actively in the process by which projects are prioritized and included in DVRPC's TIP.

Initially designated in MAP-21 and carried over into the FAST Act, the state DOTs have the lead responsibility for developing a State Freight Plan, statewide asset management systems, and a Strategic Highway Safety Plan. Development of these plans and systems involves extensive consultation with DVRPC and other MPOs and helps DVRPC to identify transportation needs and recommendations for addressing them.

The state DOTs also serve as the primary intermediaries between DVRPC and federal transportation agencies, including the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).

City and County Planners – The nine counties (Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, Philadelphia, Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Mercer) and three cities (Chester, Camden, and Trenton) that comprise the DVRPC region and whose representatives sit on the DVRPC Board are key partners in the regional planning process. Using some of the federal planning funds made available to DVRPC, resources are passed through to the member governments to support their transportation planning work and the extensive coordination needed to prepare and maintain a regional planning process. Member governments also have seats on DVRPC's working committees, identify and prioritize projects for the TIP, contribute needed input into the development of the

Long-Range Plan, and provide the local knowledge and perspective needed to integrate with the regional planning process.

NJ Department of Community Affairs – DCA is a State agency created to provide administrative guidance, financial support and technical assistance to local governments, community development organizations, businesses and individuals to improve the quality of life in New Jersey. DCA offers a wide range of programs and services that respond to issues of public concern including community planning and development, housing production, fire and building safety, and local government management and finance.

DVRPC's Board voting membership also includes a representative from the PA Governor's Policy and Planning Office and a PA Governor's appointee as well as an NJ Governor's appointee. These voting members provide input into the regional planning process from a guidance and policy development perspective. In addition to the organizations that formally make up the voting members of the DVRPC Board, coordination with several other federal and state partners and operating agencies is essential for the development of plans and programs which identify and implement the priority transportation investments in the region. Those agencies are identified below.

Transit Operators – the largest provider of public transportation in the Delaware Valley region is the Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority (SEPTA). Substantial service is also provided by New Jersey Transit Corporation (NJT), Port Authority Transit Corporation (PATCO), and Pottstown Area Rapid Transit (PART). Each is responsible for both the capital and operating needs in their respective service areas. They are the principal source for identifying transit projects for inclusion in the transit portion of DVRPC's TIP. They also carry out many of the transit planning activities, funded in part through DVRPC's Planning Work Program and through other sources. PATCO, a subsidiary of the Delaware River Port Authority (DRPA), is responsible for operations management of the transit agency, while DRPA is responsible for planning. Transit operating agencies are participatory non-voting members of the DVRPC Board but voting members of DVRPC's Regional Technical Committee and other working committees.

Federal Highway Administration – As a bi-state MPO, DVRPC is served by FHWA Division Offices in both Pennsylvania and New Jersey. The FHWA Division Offices are local field offices that provide leadership, guidance, and direction to State Departments of Transportation and MPOs in the planning, construction and maintenance of transportation projects. Working collaboratively with State partners, FHWA Division Offices ensure that the nation's roads, bridges and tunnels are safe and continue to support economic growth and environmental sustainability.

Federal Transit Administration – The FTA field offices, organized by Region, help transit operators, MPOs and state DOTs plan, apply, execute, and complete transit projects in their region. Their primary role is to oversee federal funding, provide grant support and program management as well

as guidance on environmental, planning and other critical elements of transit projects. The DVRPC region straddles parts of Region II (New York and New Jersey) and Region III (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia).

US Department of Housing and Urban Development – HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. HUD is working to strengthen the housing market to bolster the economy and protect consumers; meet the need for quality affordable rental homes; utilize housing as a platform for improving quality of life; build inclusive and sustainable communities free from discrimination, and transform the way HUD does business. The Department is also organized with DVRPC being served by both Region II (New York and New Jersey) and Region III (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia).

State Departments of Environmental Protection (DEPs) – The Pennsylvania and New Jersey Departments of Environmental Protection have overall responsibility for compliance with the Clean Air Act, including development and adoption of air quality plans known as State Implementation Plans (SIPs). Both agencies rely on DVRPC as the lead planning agency for highway-related control measures for air quality in the metropolitan area. As a result, DVRPC provides transportation data used in emissions inventories and identifies and analyzes potential air quality strategies. State air quality agencies from all four states in the Philadelphia Ozone Nonattainment Area serve on DVRPC's Regional Air Quality Committee.

PA Department of Community and Economic Development – The mission of DCED is to foster opportunities for businesses to grow and for communities to succeed and thrive in a global economy. The Department seeks to improve the quality of life for Pennsylvania citizens while assuring transparency and accountability in the expenditure of public funds.

NJ Office of Planning Advocacy – The office staffs the New Jersey State Planning Commission and the New Jersey Brownfields Redevelopment Task Force. Through the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, the office works to improve the efficiency and reduce the costs of land development and infrastructure in New Jersey by expanding areas of coordination and cooperation among State and local agencies.

Delaware River Port Authority – DRPA is a regional transportation agency that serves as steward of four bridges that cross the Delaware River between Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Through its Port Authority Transit Corporation (PATCO), the DRPA also operates a transit line between Camden County, New Jersey and Center City Philadelphia. DRPA operates, maintains, improves and protects key transportation infrastructure for the benefit of the region's citizens.

Lastly, there are several other agencies and authorities that have jurisdiction over facilities that make up important components of the region's transportation system. It is important that DVRPC

coordinates and shares information on our plans and programs with these organizations so that all stakeholders may make informed transportation investment decisions. Key regional agencies and authorities are also identified below.

PA Turnpike Commission – The PA Turnpike consists of a 552-mile system of highways and bridges that are an integral component of the regional, state-wide, and national ground transportation network that must be maintained, protected and constantly improved. The Turnpike Commission strives to operate a safe, reliable, customer-valued toll road system that supports national mobility and commerce.

New Jersey Turnpike Authority – The Turnpike Authority is dedicated to the safe and efficient movement of people and goods over two of the busiest toll roads in the United States -- the New Jersey Turnpike (148 miles) and the Garden State Parkway (173 miles). The Authority's highways are a critical link in the transportation network of the Northeast I-95 Corridor. Every day, they provide the safest, quickest, and most convenient routes for hundreds of thousands of commuters, truckers, and recreational travelers.

South Jersey Transportation Authority – The SJTA was established by the New Jersey Legislature in June 1991 to assume operational responsibilities for the 44-mile long Atlantic City Expressway, Atlantic City International Airport terminal, and parking facilities in Atlantic City. SJTA also operates several shuttles in their region providing access to employment and shopping sites, rail stations, and educational institutions. The SJTA serves six counties --- Atlantic, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem.

Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission – DRJTBC's 140-mile jurisdiction extends from the Philadelphia-Bucks County line to the New Jersey/New York state border. In addition to its 20 Delaware River crossings (7 tolled, 13 non-tolled), the Commission owns and operates an additional 34 approach structures (smaller overpass/underpass type bridges) throughout its region. The Commission is committed to moving job commuters, commercial freight carriers, pedestrians and recreationists, it strives to deliver quality customer service, sound fiscal management, and dependable ground-transportation facilities.

PhilaPort, also referred to as The Port of Philadelphia, is an independent agency of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania charged with the management, maintenance, marketing, and promotion of port facilities along the Delaware River in Pennsylvania, as well as strategic planning throughout the port district. PhilaPort works with its terminal operators to improve its facilities and to market those facilities to prospective port users around the world. Port cargoes and the activities they generate are responsible for thousands of direct and indirect jobs in the Philadelphia area and throughout Pennsylvania.

South Jersey Port Corporation – The South Jersey Port Corporation was created in 1968 to operate marine shipping terminals in the South Jersey Port District which consists of seven counties: Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland, Mercer and Cape May. The SJPC is a quasistate agency, which reports through the Department of Treasury to the Governor of New Jersey. The SJPC owns and operates the Joseph A. Balzano and Broadway Marine Terminals in the Port of Camden, the Salem Marine Terminal at the Port of Salem, and is constructing the Paulsboro Marine Terminal at the Port of Paulsboro.

It is the ongoing coordination and history of cooperation among all these organizations that has led to an efficient transportation planning process in this region which continues to result in priority investments aimed at preserving, maintaining, operating, and growing where necessary, a seamless multimodal regional transportation network.

DVRPC's Working Committees

One of the primary roles of DVRPC is to coordinate its planning programs, and those of its member governments, with citizens residing in the region. To accomplish this objective, the DVRPC Board has established several committees to address the regional issues of transportation, land use, air quality, housing, airports, goods movement and citizens' concerns. These committees enhance the regional forum provided by the Board and extend it so that all interested and involved parties can discuss and provide direction for policy on regional planning in the Delaware Valley. The working committees include:

The Regional Technical Committee (RTC) serves as an advisory unit, reporting directly to the DVRPC Board, in reference to: (1) Transportation Planning initiatives, (2) the development and maintenance of the Transportation Improvement Program, (3) the development of the Long-Range Plan, (4) the development of the Unified Planning Work Program, and (5) all other transportation planning as directed by the Board.

The Public Participation Task Force (PPTF) provides access for the public to the regional planning and decision-making process, to review timely issues, and to advise on public outreach strategies. The Task Force is composed of appointed members nominated by the member governments, as well as citizens at large, who are selected through an application process.

The Delaware Valley Goods Movement Task Force (DVGMTF) was established to maximize the Delaware Valley's goods movement capability by sharing information and technology between public and private freight interests, promoting the region's intermodal capabilities and capacity, and developing and implementing a regional goods movement strategy. It advises the DVRPC Board on all goods movement issues, studies and projects.

The Information Resources Exchange Group (IREG) provides a forum for the exchange of ideas, practices and experiences among regional data managers.



The Regional Community and Economic Development Forum (RCEDF) facilitates the various economic development, land use and housing agencies in the region to work together on issues of regional importance, fosters greater cooperation between agencies, strives to coordinate regional transportation and land use planning activities with the needs of the economic development community and advises on the development of the Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy.

The Regional Aviation Committee (RAC) provides technical and policy guidance concerning regional airport systems to the states, DVRPC and the Federal Aviation Administration.

The Regional Safety Task Force (RSTF) is an interdisciplinary team of safety stakeholders/professionals that offers guidance and direction to the Commission's transportation safety planning program. The focus of the task force is diverse and addresses all users and operators of the transportation network, as well as all modes. The Task Force provides valuable input in the development of the Regional Transportation Safety Action Plan.

The Transportation Operations Task Force (TOTF) is the focal point of regional ITS and operations coordination. The Task Force is a forum for agencies to share information on ITS deployments, develop a consensus on regional operations issues, and respond to federal and state initiatives. It has the ability to establish subcommittees to tackle specific issues as they arise. As a technical-level group, it informs DVRPC's ITS and Transportation Systems Management and Operations planning activities that in turn support the Task Force.

The Central Jersey Transportation Forum (CJTF) has been meeting since 1999 to address concerns of municipalities in Mercer, Middlesex, and Somerset counties focused on the US 1 corridor. Highlevel representatives from twenty-five municipalities, three counties, and numerous state agencies and other organizations meet to coordinate and to discuss transportation and land use issues and implement solutions.

The Urban Waterfront Action Group (UWAG) was created in 1980 through the PA Coastal Zone Management (CZM) Program to provide "one-stop" shopping for information about waterfront development permits in the Delaware Estuary in Pennsylvania.

The Healthy Communities Task Force was first convened in 2014 to bring together public health, planning, and related professionals in the Greater Philadelphia area. The Task Force provides a venue for people interested in fostering healthy communities to learn about other communities, both near and far, that are successfully integrating planning and public health including active transportation. It serves as a way for professionals in these fields and stakeholders in our communities to deepen their understanding of healthy communities and build the relationships to achieve them.

The Futures Group provides subject matter experts a forum to use exploratory scenario planning to understand how various forces (social, technological, environmental, economic, or political) are shaping the region; and to identify ways to better respond to, or benefit from, those forces.

FY 2020 Program Areas

This Planning Work Program continues the reorganized structure begun in FY 2008 which consolidated many related projects into program areas. Some initiatives remain as stand-alone projects due to special circumstances. Each Program Area's concept allows various tasks and initiatives to be emphasized from year to year at the DVRPC Board's direction. Tasks and activities identified within the Program Areas seek to address the planning priorities facing the region. Samples of the key products to be undertaken within the Program Areas, during FY 2020, are highlighted in the Program Area descriptions below. Successful completion of these planning activities within these Program Areas and Projects may require the purchase of equipment or services.

Regional Forum

This project ensures continued intergovernmental and policy coordination, as well as administrative oversight by the DVRPC Board and its Committees, through the provision of secretariat and management services. Through the Board Policy Committee, identification, monitoring and formulation of policy analyses for issues of regional significance is undertaken. Staff activities include researching and monitoring key issues, review of pertinent federal and state legislation or policy guidance, technical assistance and drafting proposed position statements or comment letters for consideration by the Policy Committee and the Board.

Key Products: agendas and minutes of Board and Executive Committee meetings

Work Program Administration

Preparation of the Unified Planning Work Program includes negotiating program and project funding, monitoring progress throughout the year, and preparing and submitting required applications and contract documents. Administering the UPWP also includes preparing, administering and providing technical assistance for contracts between DVRPC and PA/NJ member governments to advance regional highway planning and transit supportive planning at the local level.

Key Products: FY 2021 Unified Planning Work Program as well as contracts and agreements to support it.

Public Participation Information and Visualization Techniques

DVRPC is committed to reaching audiences both familiar and unfamiliar with the regional planning process. This program supports DVRPC's responsibilities related to legal and public noticing, public information requests, and maintaining the Commission's website and social media platforms. This program also supports project-specific public outreach and meeting facilitation, and agency-wide



earned media, government relations, and public affairs. DVRPC is also committed to expanding visualization techniques to portray and present data, plans, complicated processes, and plans. DVRPC's current ongoing forum for public involvement is the Public Participation Task Force (PPTF). The mission of the PPTF is to provide ongoing access to the regional planning and decision-making process, to review timely issues, to serve as a conduit for DVRPC information to organizations and communities across the region, and to assist the Commission in implementing public outreach strategies.

Key Products: DVRPC FY2019 Annual Report and Monthly e-Newsletter

Title VI and Environmental Justice The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) have had a longstanding policy of actively ensuring nondiscrimination in federally funded activities under Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act and the 1994 President's Executive Order on Environmental Justice. A renewed emphasis on Title VI issues and environmental justice has become a more integral focus of the transportation planning and programming process. This renewed commitment is reflected in DVRPC's Work Program, publications, communications, public involvement efforts, and general way of doing business. Key Product: Refined and Updated Indicators of Potential Disadvantage Compliance Tool and Title VI/EJ Analysis

Geographic Information Systems

A Geographic Information System (GIS) is an important planning tool that provides benefits to DVRPC, its member agencies, and others by supporting state, regional, county, and local planning and technical projects. GIS is the integration of hardware, software, and data used to collect, store, analyze and display spatially referenced information. GIS allows planners to view and query spatial data and perform advanced analysis to discover relationships, patterns, and trends that support their planning activities. Visualizing information is an integral part of nearly every project, and GIS is highly utilized to create maps necessary for meetings and reports. Improving the accessibility of spatial data is critical to the continued success of GIS and tasks under this program will be coordinated with the Data Coordination and Analysis program.

Key Products: Updated and new web mapping applications

RideECO Marketing

RideECO provides area employers the opportunity and structure to provide employees with a transit benefit per federal IRS tax code, up to \$255/month as of January 2016. Originally instituted under clean air legislation, this program has become popular among employers since it provides a tax break for both participating employees and their employers. All regional transit providers support the program and accept its vouchers, as do most third-party vanpool operators. *Key Product: RideECO program marketing and advertising materials*



Smart Growth

The Smart Growth work program will continue DVRPC's work on linking land use and transportation planning while also enhancing the level of outreach, education, coordination, advocacy, and overall support for smart growth principles. This program supports greater understanding of sprawl and its impacts on the region's accessibility and mobility, land preservation, urban revitalization, and economic development.

Key Product: Shopping Mall Conversion Case Studies and Redevelopment Planning Resources

Community and Economic Development

Many of the region's older suburbs and boroughs face social and economic challenges due to aging infrastructure and disinvestment that are uncharacteristic of more affluent growing suburbs. At the same time, the older suburbs often lack the resources and attention available to the region's core cities to address these issues. This program will continue to convene forums for these municipalities to learn from outside experts as well as their peers, while also providing technical assistance. The program also supports and fosters coordination and information exchange between the economic development and business community on one hand, and the transportation and land use planning community on the other. The program includes administration of the Regional Community and Economic Development Forum. It incorporates the voices of the economic development and business community into DVRPC's planning activities.

Key Products: Technical Memo on Tourism in the Region and US EDA Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy Annual Review and Update

Energy and Climate Change Initiatives

This program focuses the attention of local governments on developing policies and actions for reducing energy use and associated greenhouse gas emissions and adapting to predicted climate change impacts by providing leadership, coordination, and technical assistance on these issues. Key Products: Documents, web pages and on-line tools to support planning for the growth of electric vehicles.

Environmental Planning

The Environmental Planning Program Area promotes a clean and sustainable environment and implementation of *Connections 2045* by assisting in efforts to preserve the 2045 Greenspace Network and 2045 Conservation Focus Areas, and to complete The Circuit (Greater Philadelphia's regional trail network) for natural resource protection, agricultural preservation, outdoor recreational, and alternative commuting purposes. This program will also enable DVRPC staff to work with local communities to identify and develop targeted management practices and policy approaches for increasing resiliency.

Key Products: final report describing best practices identified in A Resilient Greater Philadelphia – Phase II and an Updated Circuit Trails map and data tables

Long-Range Planning

The Long-Range Plan Program Area fosters and maintains a long-range vision to guide development patterns and transportation investments in the region and identifies strategies to implement the vision. The program ensures that the region's transportation investments are linked to long-range land use, environmental protection, economic development, and transportation goals, while providing guidance and a policy framework for numerous other DVRPC programs. The current Long-Range Plan was adopted in October 2017.

Key Product: 2050 population and employment forecasts and a Future Forces Technical and Summary Reports

Delaware Valley Freight Planning

This program is intended to maximize the Delaware Valley's position in the global economy by promoting cooperation within the local freight community and implementing a regional goods movement strategy in accordance with State DOT and FAST Act guidance. This program will allow staff to continue to maintain and update Philly Freight Finder, our freight data portal for the Delaware Valley.

Key Product: Hunting Park East Freight Access Study

Transportation Safety

This program supports the goals of DVRPC's Long-Range Plan, Regional Safety Analysis and Plan, and the DOTs' Strategic Highway Safety Plan. It incorporates the transportation safety Planning Factor, as required by federal metropolitan planning regulations, into the transportation planning process, and seeks to improve the safety of the region's transportation system, while maintaining acceptable levels of accessibility and efficiency. The program addresses transportation safety from a multipronged approach in which coordination and outreach are important factors. Key Product: safety data and analysis support to PennDOT and NJDOT on their Highway Safety Improvement Programs and support to NJDOT on their Strategic Highway Safety Plan Update

Regional Congestion Management Process

The CMP is a systematic process for managing congestion in the DVRPC region. It analyzes the multimodal transportation system, defines congested corridors, and results in agreed-upon strategies for each congested sub- corridor at a regional planning level. The CMP strengthens the connection between the Long-Range Plan, TIP, and other projects. It includes work with DOT, transit agencies, and county project managers and others to help make transportation investments more effective. Staff initiated the most recent update of the CMP in FY19.

Key Product: updated CMP Plan and web mapping tool

Air Quality Planning

The Air Quality Planning Program Area improves air quality in the region through coordination of intra- and interregional policies, public education and demonstration of transportation conformity



of the region's Long-Range Plan and transportation improvement programs. Key Product: Transportation Air Quality Conformance Demonstration Report

Technical Assistance to Member Governments

This Program Area ensures intergovernmental coordination, technical evaluation, and regional policy formulation on transportation issues, projects, and plans through monthly meetings of the Regional Technical Committee and quarterly meetings of the Regional Aviation Committee (including meeting minutes and pertinent presentations, research and technical assistance activities). Special studies and local asset inventory activities are also included.

Key Products: successful monthly meetings of the Regional Technical Committee and quarterly meetings of the Regional Aviation Committee including the documentation of agendas and minutes

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

This program area provides for transportation financial planning and capital programming for the DVRPC region. Staff works with state, regional, and federal planning partners to identify financial resources available from public and private sources to implement the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) as well as the Long-Range Plan. Serving as the facilitator for the region's stakeholders, DVRPC both develops and maintains a regional Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) for Pennsylvania and New Jersey, as mandated by federal regulations; identifies and selects transportation projects that address the needs of the region; advances the goals of the Long-Range Plan; documents modifications to the program; and provides information and documents related to those processes, funding, and capital programming issues. This information will be provided to stakeholders and the public via meeting materials and postings on the DVRPC website. DVRPC will undertake an extensive public participation program that responds to the requirements of FAST Act and environmental justice concerns, as it relates to this program. DVRPC staff, along with significant input from our stakeholders, developed and our Board adopted a TIP for PA in June of 2018. A similar process will be undertaken for the development of a NJ TIP which is expected to be adopted in Summer 2019.

Key Products: development of a new TIP for PA and an updated and maintained TIP for NJ

Transportation Operations

Transportation Operations is one of the transportation planning factors mandated by federal metropolitan planning regulations. It represents a broad array of short-term improvement strategies employing technology and interagency coordination that will address recurring congestion and incident management.

Key Product: continued facilitation of eight Traffic Incident Management Task Forces

Performance Based Planning and Asset Management

Performance-based planning was one of the most transformative elements of the MAP-21 federal transportation legislation, which was continued and reinforced in the FAST Act. The initiative is a



strategic approach that uses real data to measure how our systems and infrastructure are performing to make investment decisions that help organizations reach a set of predetermined targets that guide how their systems and infrastructure should operate. USDOT has implemented new regulations related to Transportation Performance Management (TPM) through the Federal Rulemaking process. This Program Area will allow DVRPC to continue working closely with our state DOT's, and transit operators to address the transportation performance management requirements by coordinating on and setting performance measure targets.

Key Product: continued coordination with planning partners to address US DOT Transportation

Performance Management requirements

Competitive Program and Project Management

This Program Area enables DVRPC staff to assist the state DOTs with the implementation of traditional and nontraditional projects by serving as adjunct project managers as well as running competitive grant programs with the state DOTs. The FAST Act includes funding for nontraditional transportation projects such as multiuse trails, streetscapes, historic restorations, alternative fueled vehicles, travel demand management, local highway and bridge projects, as well as projects that contribute to the attainment of the Clean Air Act by reducing emissions from highway sources. Three categories of federal funding that provide broad eligibility for these nontraditional and local transportation projects are: Transportation Alternatives, Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality and the Surface Transportation Program. Capital Program funds are also provided to the counties through the Local Concept Development Program in New Jersey.

Key Product: successful completion of competitive project selection program and management of selected projects

Travel and Land Use Modeling

The Travel and Land Use Modeling work program element is intended to develop, enhance, maintain, and apply DVRPC's Land Use, Travel Demand, and Air Quality Models in support of a wide variety of planning activities. Short and long-range regional, corridor, and facility planning studies require accurate socioeconomic, land use, and travel forecasts. Certification of the regional plan and planning process require up to date models that address federal regulations. The models that produce these projections and perform these analyses need to be validated and calibrated with current data. Furthermore, refinement and revalidation of DVRPC's land use, travel simulation, and mobile source emissions models are needed on a continuing basis to maintain the accuracy and credibility of forecasts and to respond to new mandates and guidance from the federal government, state agencies, and member governments. In addition to the studies performed by DVRPC, staff will also provide support and assistance under this program to DVRPC's consultants as they upgrade the land use and travel models and related software.

Key Product: updated trip-based travel demand model

Regional Transit Planning Program

This program supports the conduct of transit planning studies, with project selections guided by our planning partners. Work includes evaluations of proposed services or facilities, corridor level transit analysis, evaluations of enhancements to transit access, studies to improve bicycle and pedestrian connectivity with transit, and examinations of the relationship between land use and transit for specific sites or corridors.

Key Product: updated coordinated Human Services Transportation Plan (CHSTP)

Bicycle & Pedestrian Planning Program

This program promotes transportation facilities and land use decisions that support active modes of transportation to make walking and biking more safe, convenient, affordable, and attractive transportation options throughout the region. Projects emphasize stakeholder outreach, the development and sharing of new data resources using bicycle and pedestrian counters, and the conduct of analysis to develop appropriate, safe, and context-sensitive bicycle and pedestrian facilities and "complete streets" in communities throughout the DVRPC region. As an area of focus, this work includes an emphasis on Active Transportation and Active Places—the idea that those places where walking and biking (Active Transportation) are prevalent are good for the vibrancy and quality of life of a community (Active Places), and vice versa. With this integrated approach, communities gain health benefits, increased mobility, economic stability, and an overall sense of vibrancy.

Key Product: use of Bicycle Level of Traffic Stress tool to identify locations of potential bicycle improvements in PennDOT's Resurfacing Program

Corridor Planning

This program is the nexus between the Long-Range Plan and project development. Corridor planning takes needs identified in the Long-Range Plan related to routes identified as essential to the movement of goods and people in the region, refines the understanding of those needs, and evaluates potential strategies to address them. The process is designed to better inform regional transportation and land use decision making.

Key Product: identification of locations of potential bicycle improvements on roadway corridors in Mercer County's Resurfacing Program

Data Coordination and Analysis

This program facilitates the acquisition, organization, analysis, automation, and dissemination of available data sets to support all regional land use and transportation planning activities. This data includes (but is not limited to) newly released Census data products, residential building permit data, and Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA) data, as well as data for which DVRPC is a primary source, including the TIP, traffic counts, land use and aerial photography. Additional program tasks include maintaining DVRPC's regional online information network; coordinating with the Census Bureau; and administering the Commission's Information Resources Exchange Group

(IREG).

Key Products: Regional Data Bulletin, Analytical Data Reports, and Data Snapshots.

Travel Monitoring

Under this Program Area, travel data is collected and processed. The primary form being traffic counts, including hourly and 48 hour traffic volumes, for selected locations on the regional highway network. Data collected will provide input to VMT forecasting, the Traffic Monitoring System (TMS), the Congestion Management Process (CMP), travel simulation models, individual project level analysis and traffic monitoring and trend analysis. This information is vital to all project studies that address highway deficiencies and proposed solutions. The types of data collected have recently been enhanced to include the monitoring of selected bicycle and pedestrian movements. In addition, DVRPC facilitates the periodic review and revision of the region's highway functional classification system.

Key Product: collection of approximately 3,000 new vehicle, bicycle, and pedestrian counts and upload those counts into DVRPC's web-based traffic count viewer

The FY 2020 Unified Planning Work Program serves as an important implementation tool to achieve the directives of the FAST Act. In an effort to highlight the connection between the individual Program Areas in the Unified Planning Work Program and the ten Planning Factors stipulated in the FAST Act, a matrix was developed that shows that linkage (Table 3). Both primary and peripheral associations between the Program Areas and the Planning Factors are shown. As DVRPC develops future work programs, we will continue to strive to meet the key principles of the surface transportation act current at that time.

In addition to addressing the federal legislative requirements, the UPWP serves as an important implementation tool to achieve the future land use and transportation development vision that is set forth in the region's Long-Range Plan. The five key principles of the Long-Range Plan serve as a framework for many of the projects and programs undertaken by DVRPC. In an effort to highlight the connection between the individual Program Areas of the UPWP and the Long-Range Plan, a matrix was developed that shows the linkage between these two core documents (Table 4). Both primary and peripheral associations between the Program Areas and the five key principles of the Long-Range Plan are shown.

Table 3: FAST Act Planning Factors

| DVRPC Program Areas | 1. Economic Vitality | 2. Safety | 3. Security | 4. Accessibilty and Mobility | 5. Environment and Energy | 6. Integration and Connectivity | 7. Efficient System Management/ Operations | 8. System Preservation | 9. Resiliency and Reliability | 10. Travel and Tourism |
|---|----------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Regional Forum | | | | | | | | | | |
| Work Program and Contract Administration | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Participation, Information, and Visualization Techniques | | | | | | | | | | |
| Title VI and Environmental Justice | | | | | | | | | | |
| Geographic Information Systems | | | | | | | | | | |
| RideECO Marketing | | | | | | | | | | |
| Smart Growth | | | | | | | | | | |
| Community and Economic Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Energy and Climate Change Initiatives | | | | | | | | | | |
| Environmental Planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Long-Range Planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Freight Planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transportation Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Congestion Management Process | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Quality Planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Data Coordination and Analysis | | | | | | | | | | |
| Technical Assistance to Member Governments | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transportation Operations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Performance-Based Planning and Asset Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| Competitive Program and Project Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| Travel and Land Use Modeling | | | | | | | | | | |
| Regional Transit Planning Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corridor Planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Travel Monitoring | | | | | | | | | | |

Primary Association | ○ Secondary Association | ○ N/A

The FAST Act identifies the following ten factors to serve as the basis for all metropolitan and statewide planning processes and products:

- 1. Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
- 2. Increase the safety of the transportation system for all motorized and nonmotorized users.
- 3. Increase the security of the transportation system for all motorized and nonmotorized users.
- 4. Increase accessibility and mobility of people and freight.
- 5. Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
- 6. Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes for people and freight.
- 7. Promote efficient system management and operation.
- 8. Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system.
- 9. Improve the resiliency and reliability of the transportation system and reduce or mitigate stormwater impacts of surface transportation.
- 10. Enhance travel and tourism.

Table 4: Long Range Plan Key Principles

| DVRPC Program Areas | Develop Livable Communities | Sustain the Environment | Expand the Economy | Advance Equity and Foster Diversity | Create an Intergrated Multimodal Transportation Network |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| Regional Forum | | | | | |
| Work Program and Contract Administration | | | | | |
| Public Participation, Information, and Visualization Techniques | | | | | |
| Title VI and Environmental Justice | | | | | |
| Geographic Information Systems | | | | | |
| RideECO Marketing | | | | | |
| Smart Growth | | | | | |
| Community and Economic Development | | | | | |
| Energy and Climate Change Initiatives | | | | | |
| Environmental Planning | | | | | |
| Long-Range Planning | | | | | |
| Freight Planning | | | | | |
| Transportation Safety | | | | | |
| Congestion Management Process | | | | | |
| Air Quality Planning | | | | | |
| Data Coordination and Analysis | | | | | |
| Technical Assistance to Member Governments | | | | | |
| Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) | | | | | |
| Transportation Operations | | | | | |
| Performance-Based Planning and Asset Management | | | | | |
| Competitive Program and Project Management | | | | | |
| Travel and Land Use Modeling | | | | | |
| Regional Transit Planning Program | | | | | |
| Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning Program | | | | | |
| Corridor Planning | | | | | |
| Travel Monitoring | | | | | |