DVRPC RTC | February 2021 🚲 💳 💽 🔝 😰 🕂 🕂

Transportation Improvement Program

TPACTIONS

Transportation Improvement Program New Jersey TIP (FY2020-2023) Pennsylvania TIP (FY2021-2024)



Additional \$104M CARES Act Funds Added to SEPTA Capital Program



Capital Asset Lease Program SEPTA | Add New Federal Funding

TIP Amendment

- Action: Add \$59,166,000 of CARES Act, remove \$59,166,000 (\$47,333,000 FTA Section 5337/ \$11,451,000 State 1514/ \$382,000 Local) from FY21 CAL phase.
- Reason: Utilizing additional CARES Act funding for capital projects presents opportunities for SEPTA to reprogram FY21 capital funds and priorities.

• Background:

 Due to COVID-19 impacts SEPTA is utilizing \$104,416,000 of its CARES Act funding two projects.



Capital Asset Lease Program SEPTA | Add New Federal Funding

• Background:

- This project provides for the lease payments on communications antennas, copiers, and Amtrak trackage.
- SEPTA Amtrak Lease Payments
 - Trenton, Wilmington/Newark and Paoli/Thorndale Regional Rail service, and portions of the Chestnut Hill West, Media/Elwyn, Airport and Cynwyd Regional Rail Lines.



Federal Preventive Maintenance SEPTA | Add New Federal Funding

TIP Amendment

- Action: Add \$45,250,000 of CARES Act, remove \$45,250,000 (\$36,200,000 FTA Section 5337/ \$9,050,000 Local) from FY21 OP phase.
- Reason: Utilizing additional CARES Act funding for capital projects presents opportunities for SEPTA to reprogram FY21 capital funds and priorities.

• Background:

 Due to COVID-19 impacts SEPTA is utilizing utilize \$104,416,000 of its CARES Act funding two projects.



Federal Preventive Maintenance SEPTA | Add New Federal Funding

• Background:

- Provides for operating assistance and preventive maintenance expenses pertaining to activities performed on vehicles and facilities.
- Activities include:
- Program administration;
- Repair of buildings, grounds and equipment;
- Operation of electric power facilities;
- Maintenance of vehicle movement control systems, fare collection, counting equipment and structures; and
- Maintenance of general administration buildings, grounds and equipment, and electrical facilities.



TIP ACTION | Proposed - PA

 TIP

 PA

ransportatior Improvement Program

> Request RTC Recommend Board approval of TIP Amendment

Capital Asset Lease Program

Add \$59,166,000 of CARES Act, remove \$59,166,000 (\$47,333,000 FTA Section 5337/ \$11,451,000 State 1514/ \$382,000 Local) from FY21 CAL phase.

Federal Preventive Maintenance

Add \$45,250,000 of CARES Act, remove \$45,250,000 (\$36,200,000 FTA Section 5337/ \$9,050,000 Local) from FY21 OP phase.

CARES Act funds are additional to the region.



SEPTA | Increase Funding

TIP Amendment

- Action: Adding \$19,954,000 (FY21: \$9,206,000 FTA Section 5339/ \$2,308,000 State 1514/ \$77,000 Local; FY22: \$2,180,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$4,826,000 State 1514/ \$157,000 Local; FY24: \$960,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$232,000 State 1514/ \$8,000 Local) to the PUR phase.
- Reason: Extra funding has allowed SEPTA to advance the purchase of 525 40-foot New Flyer Diesel Electric Hybrid buses.

Background:

• This procurement is fully funded and will be completed this year.



SEPTA | Increase Funding

- Background:
 - Funding being added in years 2 and 4 allow SEPTA to begin procurement of the next set of bus replacements in FY22.
 - Provides for the acquisition of different size buses based upon needs and route characteristics.
 - Current bus fleet consists of a variety of buses ranging from 60-foot articulated and 40-foot buses for heavy use routes to 30foot buses for suburban circulator and contracted service routes.



TIP ACTION | Proposed - PA

TIP PA

ransportatior

Request RTC Recommend Board approval of TIP Amendment

SEPTA Bus Purchase Program

Adding \$19,954,000 (FY21: \$9,206,000 FTA Section 5339/ \$2,308,000 State 1514/ \$77,000 Local; FY22: \$2,180,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$4,826,000 State 1514/ \$157,000 Local; FY24: \$960,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$232,000 State 1514/ \$8,000 Local) to the PUR phase.



Projects of Significance

SEPTA | Increase Funding and Add New Project

TIP Amendment

- Action: Increase funding by \$40,360,000 (\$36,800,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$360,000 FTA Section 5305/ \$3,096,000 State 1514/ \$104,000 Local) in FY21 for two projects.
- Reason: Funding has been freed up by utilizing SEPTA's CARES Act funds for other capital projects; and add new FTA grant project.

• Background:

- KOP Rail Extension 30% Design \$40M
- NHSL-KOP Rail Extension Value Capture/Multimodal Accessibility Study - \$360K
 Ødvrpc



Projects of Significance

SEPTA | Increase Funding and Add New Project

KOP Rail Extension 30% Design - \$40M:

- Will extend the existing NHSL four miles into King of Prussia,
- Provide a high-speed, "one-seat" ride from any station along the NHSL, including the 69th Street Transportation Center in Upper Darby and the Norristown Transportation Center in Norristown.
- Increase ridership by 6,755 daily trips; less than 40-min. ride from Center City to KOP
- Jan 8, 2021 SEPTA and FTA signed the combined FEIS/ROD
- Funding will allow SEPTA to go from 15% Design to 30% Design
- Design, Construction and acquisition of new rail cars is estimated at \$2 billion.



Projects of Significance SEPTA | Increase Funding and Add New Project

- Add New NHSL-KOP Rail Extension Value Capture/Multimodal Accessibility Study -\$360K:
 - Dec. 15, 2020 FTA awarded SEPTA \$360K for pilot program for TOD Planning.
 - Supports FTA's mission of improving public transportation for America's communities by providing funding to local communities to integrate land use and transportation planning with a new fixed guideway or core capacity transit capital investment.
 - Study potential for Value Capture and the recommended multimodal accessibility network for stations.



Projects of Significance



TIP ACTION | Proposed - PA

TIP PA

ransportatior Improvement Program

> Request RTC Recommend Board approval of TIP Amendment Projects of Significance Increase funding by \$40,360,000

(\$36,800,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$360,000 FTA Section 5305/ \$3,096,000 State 1514/ \$104,000 Local) in FY21 for two projects.

KOP Rail Extension 30% Design - \$40M.

Add New NHSL-KOP Rail Extension Value Capture/Multimodal Accessibility Study -\$360K – These are additional to the region.



SEPTA | Add New Project to Program

• **TIP Amendment**

- Action: Add a new \$585,000 FTA Section 5312 funded Mass Transit Vehicle Air Ventilation and Purification Technologies Evaluation project to the Safety and Security Improvements program for ERC in FY21; increase the FY21 ERC phase by \$1,000,000 (\$800,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$194,000 State 1514/ \$6,000 Local); and increase FY22 by \$2,947,000 (\$2,851,000 State 1514/\$96,000 Local).
- Reason: Develop models, test various mitigation strategies, and synthesize into recommendations for minimizing risk of COVID-19; and adjust programming to meet current needs.



SEPTA | Add New Project to Program

Background:

- The FTA 5312 funds are additional to the region
- SEPTA partnering with Drexel University to evaluate air ventilation and surface cleaning technologies in preventing the transmission of COVID-19.
- Designed to improve passenger safety and strengthen public confidence to return to mass transit during this public health emergency.
- Increase of regular funds is to meet current program needs.



TIP ACTION | Proposed - PA



nsportatior provement Program 🖌

Request RTC Recommend Board approval of TIP Amendment

Safety and Security Improvements

Add a new \$585,000 FTA Section 5312 funded Mass Transit Vehicle Air Ventilation and Purification Technologies Evaluation project to the Safety and Security Improvements program for FY21 ERC; increase the FY21 ERC phase by \$1,000,000 (\$800,000 FTA Section 5307/ \$194,000 State 1514/ \$6,000 Local); and increase FY22 by \$2,947,000 (\$2,851,000 State 1514/\$96,000 Local).

Ødvrpc



US 322, Featherbed Lane to I-95 (Section 102) Delaware County | Add ROW Back in to TIP & Reduce CON

TIP Amendment

- Action: Add ROW phase back into TIP and reducing CON phase. ROW phase will increase by \$11,354,000 (\$9,083,000 SXF/\$2,271,000 State 581) in FY21 and CON will be reduced by \$8,422,000 (addition: \$5,912,000 STU; remove: \$12,650,000 SXF/\$1,684,000 State 581) in FY24.
- **Reason:** Change in fair market value cost compared to initial project estimate have led to increase ROW costs. CON cost estimate has been updated.
- Background: Additional ROW funding will fully cover ROW costs for Sections 102 & 103 property acquisitions.





Existing 2-lane will be widened to 4-lanes, with a fifth center turn lane; New traffic signal constructed at Garnet Mine Rd & US322 eastbound ramps; Existing traffic signal at Bethel Road Connector and left turn lanes on US322 will be reconstructed.

TIP ACTION | Proposed - PA

 TIP

 PA

nsportation provement Program

> Request RTC Recommend Board approval of TIP Amendment US 322, Featherbed Lane to I-95 (Section 102)

Add ROW phase back into TIP and reducing CON phase. ROW phase will increase by \$11,354,000 (\$9,083,000 SXF/\$2,271,000 State 581) in FY21 and CON will be reduced by \$8,422,000 (addition: \$5,912,000 STU; remove: \$12,650,000 SXF/\$1,684,000 State 581) in FY24.



🚳 💳 💽 🛋 😵 🕰 🕂 🚺







EXPERIMENTAL POP-UPS



Project Update: Wheels on Windsor Regional Technical Committee | February 9, 2021



EXPERIMENTAL POP-UPS

Inaugural year of a sustaining program to help communities plan and execute pop-up, or demonstration projects (aka tactical urbanism)

- Placemaking & transportation purpose
- Up to three locations
- Two in PA, one in NJ
- Not advertised or competitive



Ten-day Pilot November 20-30, 2020

ødvrpc

ONE WAY

STOP

"If a picture is worth a thousand words, a prototype is worth a thousand meetings."

- Tom & David Kelley





WoW Working Group

Narberth Borough Council: Project sponsor, funding for materials

Narberth Borough Staff: Project set-up and removal by Public Works Department, web page host

Narberth Cycling Club: Communications, ambassadorship during pilot

Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission: Design, travel monitoring, community feedback via project survey



Existing Windsor Avenue Cross Sections

One Way Essex Ave to Iona Ave.



Two Way Wynnewood Ave to Essex Ave.



Proposed Windsor Avenue Cross Sections

Two-Way Cycle Track



Signage and pavement markings









- 8' 12' Cycle track width
- 3' Buffer (to prevent dooring)
- Use of bollards, planters or signs for physical protection in buffer
- Dashed yellow line in center
- 30' no parking zone at intersections for visibility
- Clear site triangles: 20' at minor cross streets, 10' at driveways
- "Yield to Bikes" and painted pavement in conflict areas
- Striping through intersections





ødvrpc

Two-Way Parking-Protected Cycle Track



WHEELS ON WINDSOR

PAINT AND BUFFER PLAN

Standard Paint Instructions

Solid White Lines Color: White

Location: 9' from curb and 11' from curb Width: 4" Do not paint over existing crosswalks or intersection crossing markings.

Dashed Yellow Line

Color: Yellow Location: 4.5' from curb edge Width: 4" Length: 3' Spacing: 12' on-center Do not paint over existing crosswalks or intersection crossing markings.

Intersection/Driveway Crossing Markings

Color: Green Width: 9' Length: 2' Spacing: 5' on-center Do not paint over existing crosswalks

Straw Bale Instructions

Straw Bales

Symbol: Size: Approx: 1.5' x 3' Placement: 15' on-center



11/23/20 Design Revisions (noted in purple on plan)

- Add Sharrow to middle of Windsor Avenue travel lane, 20-40' west of crosswalk at Forrest Avenue 🐲 - Paint stop bar on Windsor Ave at Narberth Avenue, just before (west) of "STOP" pavement marking



WHEELS ON WINDSOR PREP AND SIGN PLAN

Cover parking meters Using plastic bags or other opaque material, cover the parking meters on the north side of Windsor Ave. between Forrest Ave. and Narberth Ave. to indicate no parking.



EXCEPT

BIKES

11/23/20 Design Revisions (noted in purple on plan)

- Cut "Turning Vehicles" yellow portion of sign off of yielding signs

Place Turning Vehicles Yield to Bikes/Peds sign

Must be visible to drivers

traveling south on Narberth Ave.

Narberth Ave.

de TO 7

- Add small "Stop" signs to hay bales (2) facing westbound cyclists at Narberth and Forrest Avenues and (1) for eastbound cyclists at Narberth Avenue

Must be located on northwest corner of Windsor Ave. &

Place Bike Lane Ahead sign and Bike Lane Ends sign

Use a straw bale in the bike lane buffer to place signs at beginning/end of bik

Bike Lane Ahead sign must face west. Bike Lane Ends sign must face east



-0

Cover parking space lines Cover left turn markings and STOP markings Cover parking lane lines Cover parking lane lines lack or gray paint Black or gray paint Black or gray paint Black or gray paint 20 121 1. TAXABLE VALUE 0 5 10 20 40 FEET Informational signs There are 2 informational sign **Place Turning Vehicles**



NO

BIKE LANE

AHEAD

Place Bike Lane Ahead sign and Bike Lane Ends sign Use a straw bale in the bike lane buffer to place signs at beginning/end of bike lane.

Bike Lane Ahead sign must face west.



Place Turning Vehicles Yield to Bikes/Peds sign Located on southwest corner of Windsor Ave. & Narberth Ave.

Must be visible to drivers traveling east on Windsor Ave.

AD

TO

designs, and 2 copies of each design. Each printed sign should be placed on a sandwich

board. Each block should get one of each sign.

The sandwich boards may be placed either on the sidewalk or in the buffer, but should be oriented to be visible to cyclists and pedestrians.

Info. Sign Info. Sign 2 WHEE 10



Yield to Bikes/Peds sign Located on southwest corner of Windsor Ave. & Grayling Ave.

Must be visible to drivers traveling east on Windsor Ave.





Wear a face mask and maintain at least 6' separation from others!



WHFFIS

-WINDSO

NOV 20-30, 2020

Experience it and

take the survey!

SCAN ME

Bikeway Demonstration

Wheels on Windsor lets us try out temporary roadway improvements for minimal cost and resources while gathering data and feedback.

This bikeway makes the road safer for everyone by separating people on bikes from cars and pedestrians using a buffer with a physical barrier—in this case, straw bales!

So, what do I do?

Bring your family and friends and experience it in any mode of transportation you want!

Then give feedback by scanning the QR code for an online survey!

** For a hard copy of the survey, please contact Narberth Borough at 610-664-2840.



SCAN ME





ødvrpc

























ødvrpc
WoW Project Metrics

N/A or unrelated answer

Yes

No

Maybe.

Would you like to see more pop-up projects in Narberth?



- ~185 survey responses
 - → "It should have been longer"
 - → "At the east end, it's not 100% clear how bikes should turn right or cars should turn left safely."
- 852 bikes counted during the pop-up



On-street bicycling can feel safe or stressful depending on how a street is designed. Which changes would you support in order to have safer bicycle facilities in Narberth?



Minor changes only; slow vehicular traffic down and add bicycling signs and striping to pavement to remind motorists of bicyclists' presence on streets.

- Go big on a couple of streets; bicyclists need to have space and protection.
- Don't change a thing; Narberth streets are safe for bicyclists so they should ride in the same lanes as cars.
- Go big everywhere; bicyclists need space and physical protection on almost all Narberth roads. Consider limiting cars from some streets, reduce parking and two-way streets throughout Narberth in order to make

@dvrpc



Lessons Learned

- Engaged stakeholder(s) with connections in the community
- Financial and time commitment
- A focused objective helps drive decisions
- Expect to maintain and tweak things
- Projects will provoke conversation and energy





Projects in the Pipeline:



half at the

Proposed conversion of York Road shoulder to a temporary, shared pedestrian & bicycle **Jane, Borough of Hatboro** The goal of the project is to reconfigure the 8' shoulders along York Road to include space for pedestrians and bicyclists. The desire for this project grew out of Hatbords comprehensive plan update, and the improvements are supported by Montgomery County.

Temporary timeline: ASAP through November 2nd or soon after **Existing Conditions:** - Speed limit: 25 MPH - Project length: 1/2 mile - AADT 7,825 NB, 7,685 SB (August, 2016 DVRPC traffic count on York Road, just south of Madison Avenue)













ødvrpc

EXPERIMENTAL POP-UPS

REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Betsy Mastaglio bmastaglio@dvrpc.org

Logan Axelson laxelson@dvrpc.org

Cassidy Boulan cboulan@dvrpc.org

Public Participation Task Force (PPTF) Shoshana Akins sakins@dvrpc.org

February 9, 2021

What is the PPTF?

X The PPTF is DVRPC's ongoing forum for public involvement in regional planning, been around since the 19070's

X Previous iteration was the Regional Citizens Committee (RCC), disbanded. Current membership-based version began in 2013

X Received a commendation during 2018 federal certification review

Goals of PPTF

Provides <mark>ongoing</mark> public access to the regional planning process

Meetings happen every 5-6 weeks and are not dependant on project timelines Assists the Commission to implement public outreach strategies

Public participation is part art, part science; need to test and improve Empower residents to get involved in the planning process

Members can engage with the Commission and bring knowledge back to their communities

Member selection process

Targeted Outreach Underrepresented communities are contacted by DVRPC staff to encourage people to apply

Selection Committee PPTF applications are reviewed by non-DVRPC staff, members are selected in a committee meeting

Regional Diversity Current members + applicants voluntarily report race, ethnicity, age, gender, + disability information.





Member demographics

Race/Ethnicity	2021 PPTF	Region	
White	54%	60%	• •
Black or African-American	28%	28%	
Asian or Pacific Islander	8%	6%	
American Indian or Alaskan Native	0%	0.2%	
Hispanic, Spanish Origin	10%	12%	

Member demographics

Age	2021 PPTF	Region	
19 and younger	0%	10%	
20-24	8%	6%	
25-34	28%	18%	
35-44	5%	22%	
45-54	13%	17%	
55-64	30%	15%	
65 and older	8%	12%	

PPTF curriculum

- × 9-10 meetings a year
- X Half are members-only meetings, half are open to all
- Every year host meetings on critical docs: Long Range
 Plan, Transportation
 Improvement Program, and
 Work Program workshop



PPTF curriculum

The curriculum is evaluated twice per year to

gauge member comprehension + interest

Most members feel informed about TIP, LRP, + Work Program; repetition is vital

How informed do you feel about the Long-Range Plan (LRP)? 13 responses

X



Survey from July 2020







Opportunities abound The PPTF is a great resource for DVRPC + partners to create, host, and sustain more meaningful public engagement.







Thanks!

Shoshana Akins sakins@dvrpc.org



HUNTING PARK EAST FREIGHT ACCESS STUDY





Regional Technical Committee February 9, 2021





Source: PCPC



Project Objectives

- Understand the current and future industrial uses in the Hunting Park East area;
- Define a draft freight access network for Hunting Park East as an example for implementing a truck route designation citywide; and
- Provide design recommendations that improve the safety of all road users.





ødvrpc

Source: DVRPC analysis of 2020 CoStar Data City of Philadelphia Building Footprints

NORTH DISTRICT PLAN INDUSTRIAL LAND RECOMMENDATIONS





Source: PCPC North District Plan

Typical Truck Sizes





Source: DVRPC

INBOUND HEAVY TRUCK TRIPS



INBOUND MEDIUM TRUCK TRIPS



ødvrpc

OUTBOUND HEAVY TRUCK TRIPS



OUTBOUND MEDIUM TRUCK TRIPS



Source: DVRPC analysis of INRIX Trips (4 weeks from 2019)

INBOUND MEDIUM TRUCK

@dvrpc

INBOUND HEAVY TRUCK





Source: DVRPC analysis of INRIX Trips (4 weeks from 2019)

Truck Route Designation



Why Designate Truck Routes?

- Forces us to better understand the nature and distribution of truck activity
- Informs investment in the transportation system to ensure safe movement of all users

Truck route definitions are not for the sole benefit of trucks





Preliminary Screening

- Understand primary generators and connectivity.
- Preliminary network matched to existing classification system.

Data Evaluation

- Quantify route segment activity.
- Confirm route segment role/use.

Review and Adoption

- Educate the public and promote buy-in on route designation.
- Formally adopt the truck route components.

Application

- Communicate new route designation to key stakeholders.
- Implement improvements for truck freight.

Designation Process

Truck Network Components

- Truck Restricted Routes
- Truck Appropriate Routes
 - Regional Freight Corridors (Limited Access)
 - Primary Routes
 - Secondary Routes
 - First/Last Mile Connectors





ødvrpcDraft Truck Route Recommendations

Philadelphia Truck Route Planning Guidebook



Complete Streets Integration

Truck Route Class	Complete Streets Sub-class				
Limited Access Highway	N/A				
	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial				
Drimory Truck Douto	Urban Arterial				
Phinary Huck Route	Walkable Commercial Corridor				
	Civic/ Ceremonial Street				
	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial				
econdary Truck Route	Urban Arterial				
	Walkable Commercial Corridor				
	High-Volume Pedestrian				
	City Neighborhood Street				
Last Mile Connector	Auto-Oriented Commercial/Industrial				
Last While Confrector	Urban Arterial				





ødvrpc

Source: City of Philadelphia Complete Streets Design Handbook

	Primary Truck Routes			Secondary Truck Routes					Last Mile Connector		
Road Design Considerations	Auto-O riented Comm ercial/I ndustri al	Urban Arterial	Walkab le Comm ercial Corrido r	Civic/ Cerem onial Street	Auto-O riented Comm ercial/I ndustri al	Urban Arterial	Walkab le Comm ercial Corrido r	High-V olume Pedest rian	City Neighb orhood Street	Auto-O riented Comm ercial/I ndustri al	Urban Arterial
4.10 Truck Turning Movement (New)											
4.10.1 Parking Restrictions at Intersections									I		
4.10.2 Alternative Median Nose				I							
4.10.3 Recessed Stop Lines											
4.10.4 Mountable Curbs	-	-			-	-					
4.10.5 Delineated Conflict Areas											

- High Priority
- Low Priority
- Appropriate in Limited Circumstances
- Not recommended
 Change from Philadelphia Complete Streets
 Handbook Design Matrix

Draft Design Matrix



Design Considerations






Thank You

Kristen Scudder Senior Transportation Planner Office of Freight and Aviation



Other Study Recommendations

 Review the location of truck wayfinding signage



 Truck parking/queuein g





Direct Bus Expansion Feasibility

Regional Technical Committee February 9, 2021





Project Background

SEPTA is considering expanding **Direct Bus** service as part of its planned systemwide bus network reconsideration.

DVRPC has identified corridors within the SEPTA service area where future limited stop service would be valuable and scored them based on how successful we would expect them to be.



Photo Source: SEPTA

ødvrpc What Makes Direct Bus Service Successful?

Frequent Service

Limited Stops at Clear Nodes of Activity

Overlaid with Local Service

Ability to Pass Local Service

Rail Station or Transportation Center Feeder Complementary Land Uses TOD Potential Municipal and County Cooperation Economic Momentum For New Service Possibility to Scale Up to BRT



What Can We Quantify and Rank?

Frequent Service

Limited Stops at Clear Nodes of Activity

Overlaid with Local Service

Ability to Pass Local Service

Rail Station or Transportation Center Feeder Complementary Land Uses TOD Potential Municipal and County Cooperation Economic Momentum For New Service

Possibility to Scale Up to BRT

ødvrpc

Summary of Analysis

- 15 corridors including portions of 31 SEPTA routes, selected by the steering committee.
- 3 weighting schemes where higher value is placed on varied metrics:
 - Operations
 - Roadway Characteristics
 - Reverse Commute
- Data collected in half-mile segments, then averaged to score each corridor.



Datasets Used for Corridor Scoring



Demographics	Population	American Community Survey (ACS): population by tract	
	Proxies for Transit Riders	 Census Transportation Planning Products (CTPP): Means of transportation by tract for tract o-1 car households by tract 	
	Employment	National Establishment Time Series (NETS): Number of employees by tract	
	Major Destinations	NETS: employers with 200+ employees	
Transit	Total Ridership	SEPTA Automated Passenger Counter (APC) Spring 2019: boards + alights by stop	
	Reliability	DVRPC Surface Transit Reliability Score: composite of on-time performance, scheduled transit speeds, and the ratio of peak-period vs. free-flow travel time.	
Physical Characteristics	Walkability	PennDOT: Intersection density within ½ mile of a bus stop DVRPC: Sidewalk density within ¼ mile of a bus stop	
	Roadway	PennDOT: Traffic signals per-mile along a bus route PennDOT: Lane count by road segment and aerial imagery	

Weighting Scheme: Operations

%d	vr	рс
----	----	----

Population by tract (ACS)	1
Work in a Tract Along a Bus Corridor and (CTPP): Travel from Home to Work on Transit ど 0-1 car households by tract	0.25/0.25
Live in a Tract Along a Bus Corridor and (CTPP): Travel from Home to Work on Transit & 0-1 car households by tract	0.25/0.25
National Establishment Time Series (NETS): # of employees by tract	0.5
NETS: employers with 200+ employees	0.5
APC 2019: boards + alights by stop	2.0
DVRPC Surface Transit Reliability Score	2.0
PennDOT: Intersection density within ½ mile of a bus stop	0.5
DVRPC: Sidewalk density within ¼ mile of a bus stop	1.0
PennDOT: Traffic signals per-mile along a bus route	0.5

The **Operations** weighting scheme emphasizes transit demand using ridership data and transit reliability using **DVRPC's Surface** Transit Reliability Score.

Weighting Scheme: **Reverse Commute**

Population by tract (ACS)	0.5
Work in a Tract Along a Bus Corridor and (CTPP): Travel from Home to Work on Transit & 0-1 car households by tract	1.25/1.25
Live in a Tract Along a Bus Corridor and (CTPP): Travel from Home to Work on Transit & 0-1 car households by tract	1.25/1.25
National Establishment Time Series (NETS): # of employees by tract	1.25
NETS: employers with 200+ employees	1.25
APC 2019: boards + alights by stop	0.5
DVRPC Surface Transit Reliability Score	0.5
PennDOT: Intersection density within ½ mile of a bus stop	0.25
DVRPC: Sidewalk density within ¼ mile of a bus stop	0.25
PennDOT: Traffic signals per-mile along a bus route	0.25
PennDOT and Aerial Imagery: Lane count by road segment	0.25

ødvrpc

The Reverse Commute weighting scheme emphasizes routes serving major **employment** destinations and transit dependence using Census data on 0-1 car households.

Weighting Scheme: **Roadway Characteristics**

Population by tract (ACS)	1.0
Work in a Tract Along a Bus Corridor and (CTPP): Travel from Home to Work on Transit ど 0-1 car households by tract	0.25/0.25
Live in a Tract Along a Bus Corridor and (CTPP): Travel from Home to Work on Transit & 0-1 car households by tract	0.25/0.25
National Establishment Time Series (NETS): # of employees by tract	0.25
NETS: employers with 200+ employees	0.25
APC 2019: boards + alights by stop	0.5
DVRPC Surface Transit Reliability Score	1.0
PennDOT: Intersection density within ½ mile of a bus stop	2.0
DVRPC: Sidewalk density within ¼ mile of a bus stop	0.5
PennDOT: Traffic signals per-mile along a bus route	1.0
PennDOT and Aerial Imagery: Lane count by road segment	2.5

The Roadway **Characteristics** weighting scheme emphasizes routes that are more likely to be able to pass local buses or other traffic because they travel on multilane roads with <u>signalized</u> intersections.

ødvrpc

Corridor Scores: Part 1



	Scores by Weighting Scheme		
Corridor	Operations	Reverse Commute	Roadway Characteristics
Rising Sun and Ogontz Aves.	1	1	1
Erie and Torresdale Aves.	2	2	2
Frankford Ave.	3	6	4
Bustleton Ave.	4	5	3
City Ave. to Wissahickon TC and 69th Street TC	5	3	7
City and Montgomery Aves. to WTC and Ardmore	6	4	6
Old York Road	7	8	5
MacDade Boulevard	8	7	9

Corridor Scores: Part 2



	Scores by Weighting Scheme		
Corridor	Operations	Reverse Commute	Roadway Characteristics
69th Street TC to Chester	9	9	8
Stenton Ave. and Germantown Pk. to Plymouth Mtg.	10	10	11
Ridge Pk.	11	11	10
Lancaster Pk.	12	12	12
US-202/Dekalb Pk.	13	13	14
West Chester Pk.	14	14	13
Conshohocken to Plymouth Meeting	15	15	15

ødvrpc

Findings

- List of rankings, not a list of corridors to implement at this time
- Refine analysis: frequency, activity nodes, stops, segmentation



ødvrpc

Next Steps

- Direct Bus Standing Committee
 - Qualitative metrics
 - Work with all counties to "prepare" their municipalities and corridors for future Direct Bus service



Next Steps

- Complete report
 - This analysis links to the working map
 - Corridors without bus routes
- Direct Bus working group moving forward
 - Do you want to be involved?
 - Qualitative metrics
 - Work with municipalities to "prepare" their corridors for future Direct Bus service
 - Other?

When will this list be implemented?

Is there an absolute score threshold that will determine where Direct Bus routes are implemented? • This is an analysis.

- The rankings on the list may predict what corridors may have the best return on investment for SEPTA.
- Not a numbered list of corridors to be implemented. Not yet.
- More consensus is needed and analysis prior to implementation of another Direct Bus route.

Is there dedicated SEPTA funding for Direct Bus route implementation?

• Not at this time

 More detailed analysis will need to be done on a specific corridor prior to any next steps for dedicated funding to be allocated.

For the final report will there be two separate ranking lists: suburban and urban?

- No, we intend to keep the three lists as-is in the final report.
- The corridors bridge urban and suburban areas.
- There isn't a perfect rule-of-thumb to identify urban or suburban routes. (i.e.
 Parts of northwest Philadelphia are more suburban than Norristown.)

Are we going to address corridor segmentation in this report?

- Not at this time for this project.
- More detailed analysis will need to be done on a specific corridor (stops, frequency, identify the type of rider) to determine the length and routing.

Can we put more emphasis on the physical characteristics and run the analysis again?

- There is a lot of weight in this analysis on metrics that emphasize density.
- This is due to the fact that public transit thrives in denser locations.
- At this time we aren't running anymore analyses while we understand that it might be interesting to see the results.

What are your questions?







From Schwenksville





Next Steps

- Finish all corridors
- Qualitative analysis
 - Average Trip Distance by Route along a Bus Corridor
 - Roadway Ownership Along a Segment
- Shuffling of rankings based on qualitative analysis

Next fiscal year

- Average Distance between Stops with High Ridership along a Bus Corridor
- Passenger Loads along a Bus Corridor

Choose a Direction...

Choose a single weighting scheme today and use it for analysis.

Present findings for minimal feedback to stakeholder committee. Use all three weighting schemes for corridor level scoring.

Present findings for stakeholder committee input.

Other ideas?

Next Steps in any Alternative

Findings

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor

Client Implications:

- Incididunt ut labore et dolore
- Consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore



Item 1

Item 2

Link between this project and City Transit Plan: Direct Bus treatments are strategies that could be recommended by the City Transit Plan.

Analysis

- Each corridor mapped into ¹/₂ mile road segments
- All quantitative and some qualitative data mapped
- Realized some data couldn't be broken down so moved to quantitative side

Interesting Trends

- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor
- Client Implications:
- Incididunt ut labore et dolore
- Consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore

Up Next: Corridor Weighting and Scoring

- First quantitative outputs
- Still need to address qualitative side

Trend 2

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor

Client Implications:

- Incididunt ut labore et dolore
- Consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore

Review of last meeting

To better everyone's experience:

- Use Tools bar at bottom for controls
- Please mute your microphone unless speaking
- Click on Participants tool on the right to see who is attending
- If you have a question, you can use the Chat Box to message everyone or specific individuals
- We will be monitoring the chat box for questions

Boulevard Direct Takeaways

Direct Bus implementation is a team effort.

SEPTA must balance Direct and local service.

Total ridership is not the only way to measure success.

New service should compliment SEPTA's existing and future network.
Compared using DVRPC's Regional Transit Screening Priority (RTSP) Transit Network Gap Analyzer Tool

- PA-29 to Schwenksville
- Warminster to New Hope
- Morrisville to Warminster
- Trenton to Newtown
- Quakertown to Philadelphia
- US-422

What we've done

Compared using DVRPC's RTSP Transit Network Gap Analyzer Tool

- PA-29 to Schwenksville
- Warminster to New Hope
- Morrisville to Warminster
- From Newtown and To Trenton
- From Quakertown to Philadelphia
- US-422 Regional





Local Analysis: To Trenton



Local Analysis: From Quakertown



+

Weighting Schemes at a glance

	Weighted higher in scheme to left		
Reverse Commute	Proxies for Transit Riders	 Census Transportation Planning Products (CTPP): Means of transportation by tract for tract o-1 car households by tract 	
	Employment	National Establishment Time Series (NETS): Number of employees by tract	
	Major Destinations	NETS: employers with 200+ employees	
Operations	Total Ridership	SEPTA Automated Passenger Counter (APC) Spring 2019: boards + alights by stop	
	Reliability	DVRPC Surface Transit Reliability Score	
Roadway Characteristics	Intersection Density	PennDOT: Density within ½ mile of a bus stop	
	Sidewalk Density	DVRPC: Density within ¼ mile of a bus stop	
	Signal Density	PennDOT: Traffic signals per-mile along a bus route	

Proposed Corridors and Roules

Route 58	Bustleton Avenue
Route 96	• US - 202 (Dekalb Pike)
Routes 113 & 114	• Either MacDade Blvd. or Chester Pk.
Route 65	City Avenue
Routes 6 & 18	 Existing Rising Sun/Olney/ Chew Reoriented to Ogontz or Cheltenham Aves.

Proposed Corridors and Roules



Proposed Corridors and Roules

Route 9, 27, 35, 60, 61, 93	Ridge Ave./Ridge Pike
Route L & 97	Germantown Pike/Stenton Ave. to Plymouth Meeting
Routes 104, 112, 115, 120, 123, &126	West Chester Pike
Routes 22 & 55	• PA-611

Direct Bus Core Attributes

- 1. Frequent Service
- 2. Limited Stop with or stops at clear nodes of activity
- 3. Overlay Local Service
- 4. Ability to Pass Local Service 2 lanes in each direction
- 5. Rail Station or Transportation Center Feeder

- Too specific for regional analysis
- > 200 persons NETS data

- Using existing bus routes as starting point
- Lane count data
- Ridership & employment data

Direct Bus Secondary Attributes

- 1. Complementary Land Uses
- 2. TOD Potential
- 3. Municipal and County cooperation for transportation improvements
- 4. Economic momentum to support new service
- 5. Environment of roadway would allow for BRT in the future

- Too specific for regional analysis
- Too specific for regional analysis
- (Incorporated in roadway ownership & Next fiscal year)
- Too specific for regional analysis
- Incorporated in lane width

Higher Scoring Corridors

Corridor	Operations	Reverse Commute	Roadway Characteristics	
Rising Sun and Ogontz Aves.	1	2	1	
Erie and Torresdale Avenues	2	3	2	
Frankford Avenue	3	1	4	
Bustleton Avenue	4	6	5	
City Avenue to WTC and 69th Street	5	5	3	
City, Montgomery, and Lancaster Avenues	6	4	7	
Old York Road	7	8	6	
MacDade Boulevard	8	7	9	

Lower Scoring Corridors

Corridor		PC	RC
Stenton Ave & Germantown Pike		10	11
Ridge Ave/ Henry Ave (Including WTC ど NTC)		11	10
Lancaster Pike		12	12
Dekalb Pike (US 202)		13	14
West Chester Pike		15	13
Plymouth Meeting to Conshohocken Mall		14	15